

Sustainable masonry retrofitting system

Flavio Stochino, Mauro Sassu, Fausto Mistretta, Andrea Frattolillo, Giovanna Concu, Mario Lucio Puppio, Marco Zucca, Arnas Majumder Department of Civil Environmental Engineering and Architecture, University of Cagliari, via Marengo 2, 09123 Cagliari, (CA), Italy

The majority of masonry buildings in Italy are highly susceptible to natural disasters, particularly seismic activities. Most of these buildings were constructed before 1990 and do not strictly adhere to structural and energy standards. Current standards and building codes require both old and new buildings to be upgraded or strictly adhere to structural and energy norms to ensure safety, energy efficiency, and comfort.

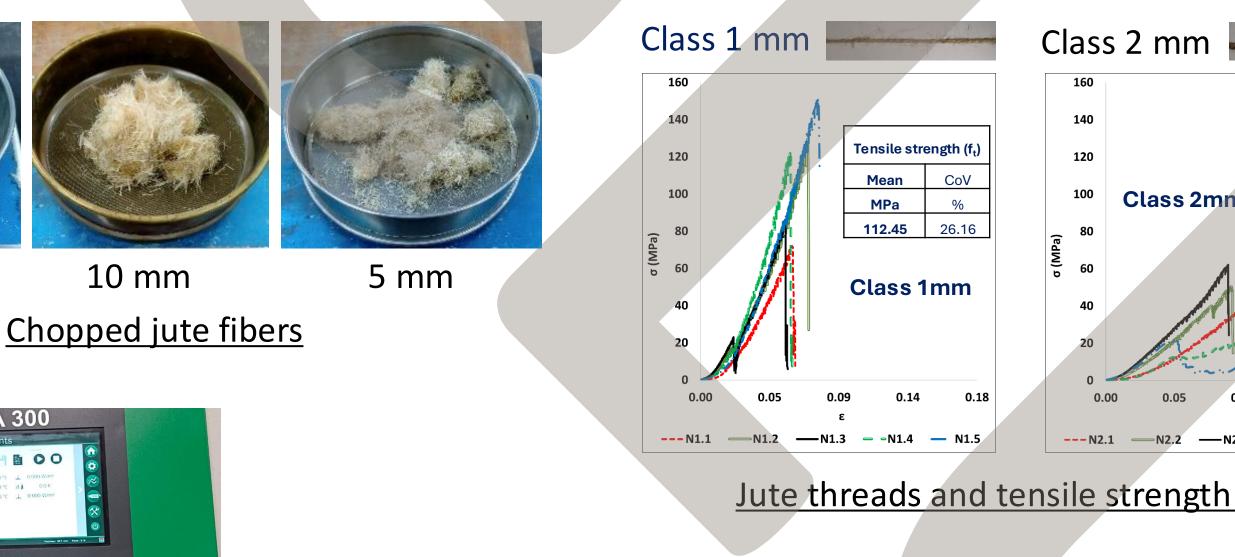
This study emphasizes the importance of using natural fibers and composite materials in the construction and building sector.

Natural fiber jute has been used to prepare composite mortars. The mechanical and thermal properties of the normal and composite mortars have been analyzed through flexural and compressive strength tests, and thermal conductivity tests.



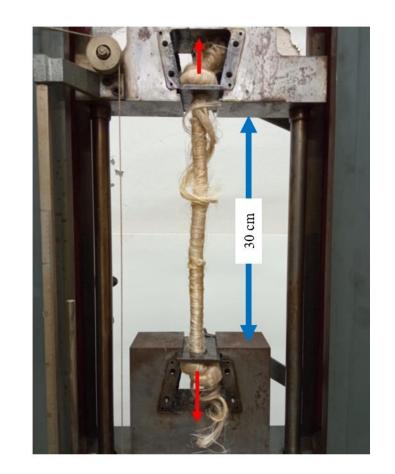


During this research, we have fabricated composite mortars using jute fibers of varying lengths (30mm, 10mm, and 5mm) and different fiber percentages (2.0%, 1.5%, 1.0%, and 0.5%) in relation to the mortar masses. When subjected to flexural and compression tests, unreinforced mortar samples demonstrated brittle failure with an hourglass shape. Conversely, the fiber-reinforced mortar samples displayed enhanced ductility and strain energy but reduced strength. Furthermore, increased fiber percentage resulted in improved thermal resistance in the composite samples. Notably, the longer fibers (30 mm in all fiber percentage categories) exhibited greater capacity to dissipate mechanical energy, while the shorter fibers showcased lower thermal conductivity, thereby enhancing the insulation capabilities of the composite samples.



Advantages of Jute Fiber

- Natural fiber
- Abundantly available
- Cheap
- Biodegradability
- Recyclability
- Lower risk to humans and nature
- Second most produced natural fiber

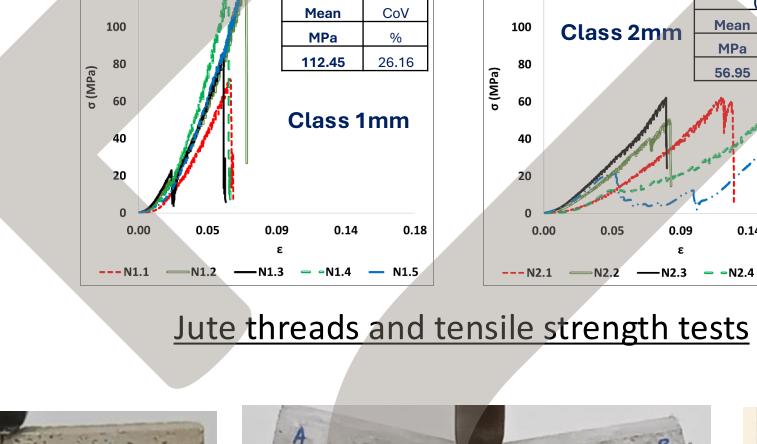


Jute diaton and tensile strength tests



CA 300

30 mm

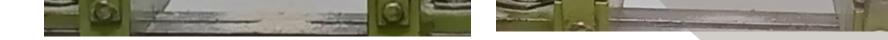




Tensile strength

Mean

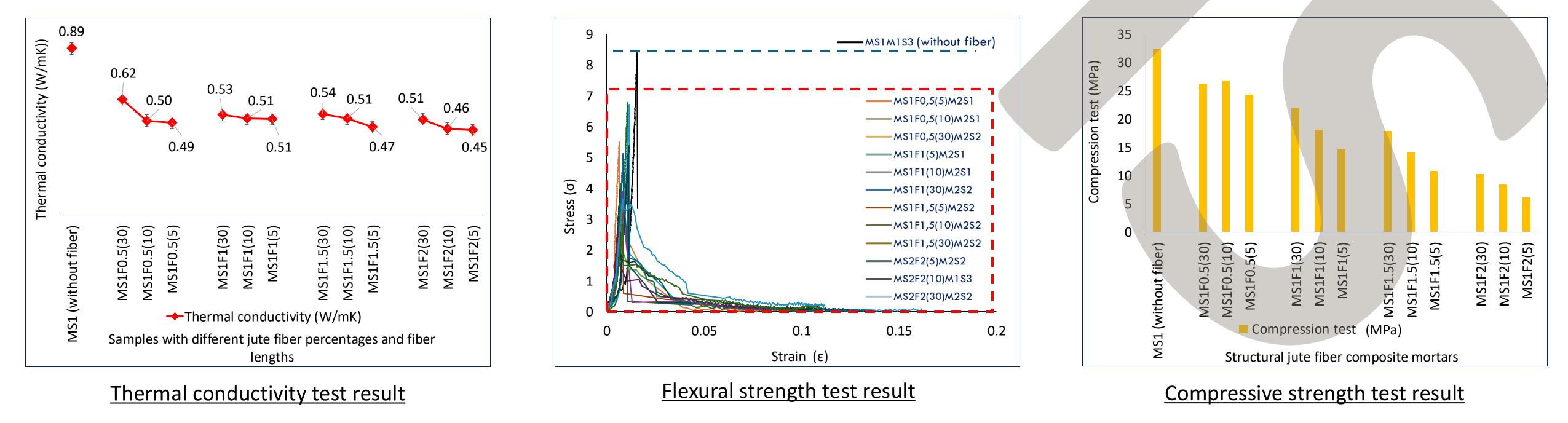




Flexural strength tests: Samples without and with fiber

<u>Compressive strength tests: Samples without and with fiber</u>

Heat flow meter and Thermal conductivity test



• References:

- A. Majumder, F. Stochino, A. Frattolillo, M. Valdes, F. Fraternali, E. Martinelli, Sustainable Building Material: Recycled Jute Fiber Composite Mortar for Thermal and Structural Retrofitting, in: O. Gervasi, B. Murgante, S. Misra, A.M.A.C. Rocha, C. Garau (Eds.), Computational Science and Its Applications – ICCSA 2022 Workshops, Springer International Publishing, Cham, 2022: pp. 657–669. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-10545-6_44.
- A. Majumder, M. Achenza, C.C. Mastino, R. Baccoli, A. Frattolillo, Thermo-acoustic building insulation materials fabricated with recycled fibers Jute, Wool and Loofah, Energy and Buildings 293 (2023) 113211. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enbuild.2023.113211.
- A. Majumder, F. Stochino, A. Frattolillo, M. Valdes, F. Fraternali, E. Martinelli, Jute fiber mortar composites for integrated retrofitting., in: 14th Fib PhD Symposium in Civil Engineering, The International Federation for Structural Concrete., Rome, 2022: pp. 613–620.
- A. Majumder, I. Farina, F. Stochino, F. Fraternali, E. Martinelli, Natural Fibers Reinforced Mortars: Composition and Mechanical Properties, KEM 913 (2022) 149–153. https://doi.org/10.4028/p-027t71.
- A. Majumder, L. Canale, C.C. Mastino, A. Pacitto, A. Frattolillo, M. Dell'Isola, Thermal Characterization of Recycled Materials for Building Insulation, Energies 14 (2021) 3564. https://doi.org/10.3390/en14123564.

